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WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1904.

Graft and Its Cure. District, in the Arena for September. Mr. Baker begins by saying that it is all wrong ernment or in private business is limited to the petty pilferings by a few postofin the body politic; nor were the post old but dormant one; nor can it be eradicated by superficial measures, nor by giving contractors. The cure for graft is to go to the well-spring of public life child a righteous and earnest abhorence of "graft" which is in its last analysis

portion. Let our demand for punish ment 'fit the crime,' While expressing hostflity to the methods shown to have criminals who through collusion with year in excessive mail-transportation paythirty-nine millions appropriated for inland railroad mail transportation is many chiefs and petty contractors. Some six millions are also appropriated for renta of mail-cars at a cost equal to the original cost of the cars, many being over the railway mail-clerks are a constant

"What is it but graft, when congress men and senators accept (where they do not solicit) passes and telegraph frankssome not only asking for themselves, but constantly applying for them for friends? Their conduct is different only in degree from that of the purchasing agent department who divides with the contractor the increased price charged tion to get something for nothing. When the ablest judge of the Supreme Court of nor) describes favoritism in railroad more wrong has been done by it than and that 'it has crushed and beggared thousands all over the land,' it can be readily seen that the most effective service a legislator can render to these criminal corporations is to quietly put to sleep what the companies are pleased to call 'hostile' legislation; to put off all conby the Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads, always so liberal in its appropriations for railway mall-transportation: by the Committee on the District of Columbia, where the two great railway systems having depots there were aided out of the joint treasuries of the Disamount variously estimated at from \$4. 000,000 to \$7,000,000 during the Fifty-seventh Congress; by the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee where bills to extend the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission so that they could enforce their decrees instead of, as now, having them set at naught by the rallreads, are quietly slumbering."

"What is it but graft when a United company, not only uses his position to protect his own and allied companies from legislative 'attacks,' insuring them in the continuation of their extremely valreads from whom these valuable privileges are derived extortionate prices for this sum is from \$18,500,000 to \$30,000,000, transporting the mails?"

"What is it but graft when the controlling forces of a railroad system organize this tax the government receives only arr express or dispatch company to which valuable privileges are granted on far tain if the grantce company were not in

tors of a railroad company organize an annual tribute extorted by the tariff. industrial company, locate it along the line of their road, then accord it lower

cars, for vote hunting trips or for social visits?"

"What is it but graft when the Big special freight rates, which enable them to drive competitors out of business?"
"What is it but graft when a leader

States Steel Corporation and invites a confiding public to purchase 'securities, represent nothing but water? How many housands of ignorant, but innocent, in restors, relying upon the 'high characer,' 'deserved reputation,' 'commanding influence, 'geat ability,' 'financial stability' and 'unblemished business honor' of these men have been rumed by having these securities foisted upon them? All the graft of the Machens and Beavers, 'star route' frauds, looks puny and in significant beside the colossal sums squeezed out of the people through the floating and manipulation of Steel Cor scores of millions wrung from the people in inflated prices charged for its products because it was 'protected' by a tariff of from \$7.84 a ton and upwards on its manufactures."

book trust is able to force its books into

"Now as to the remedy, if remedy there that he who corrupts the public officials (directly or indirectly) and thus ecures a valuable special privilege, thereby obtaining millions, has 'made' his on sugar, woolens, steel, salt or borax; whether it takes the form of forestalling and thereby reaping an enormous harves upon the body politic."

"The form of graft which has been corporations. There is not a clean page only in connection with the 'fine work, ticed in inducing legislative bodies to grant the original franchises; the periodic which extensions and modifications have of the officials who are charged with the duty of enforcing the laws applicable to these corporations and of seeing to it that the terms of their charters ar complied with."

lege corporations, interstate railways, urban and interurban railways, gas, wacompanies, been in their evasion of the levving taxes thereon, that it has become the common expression: "You don't sun

Having drawn this powerful arraign for the carnival of graft which has been tury, the Hon, Mr. Baker suggests State elimination of this source of political and there is no assurance that the graft in corporations owned by private individrailroads. This much is clear from Mr Baker's article, however, that honest corhonest interstate commerce commission with sufficient statutory powers and much toward removing this cancer which s eating into our very vitals as a re-

. ----The Family and the Tariff If the Democratic campaign hand-book does not do anything else, it will give a clear and intelligent statement of how the taxes, which are taken from the pecple indirectly, but none the less efficiently by the tariff, are divided between th tariff-fed industries and the government Two examples of striking interest are given in the analysis of the tax on shoe and on woolens. The Dingley bill of 1897 added a tax of over \$2,000,000 annuall on the American people by putting a 15 per cent, tariff on hides. This has added not less than from 5 per cent, to 8 per cent, to the cost of each pair of shoes. The Democratic text-book analyzes this statement and shows that the annual shoe bill of the American people is some \$371, 000,000. Five per cent, to 8 per cent, of or, say, a mean of \$23,000,000. This is \$1.35 neutrality has been fired on by Japanese tax for each family in America, and of and Russians alike. Another

freight rates than are charged to com- of home-made woolens in 1903 was \$31s.

dent of the United States accepts the duty of \$17,564,694 was collected, averaging 'courtesy of special railroad trains, or 31 per cent, on the foreign cost of the goods. When transportation is added, fully \$38,000,000. This, added to the home Four who compose the best trust get product, makes the total woolen consumption of America \$356,000,000 at factory prices. But when the other costs of manufacturing are added, the American in haute finance organizes the United public paid at least \$50,000,000, or an aver-States Steel Corporation and invites a ago of \$34.64 per family, which is fai below Mr. Edward Atkinson's estimate three-quarters, if not four-fifths of which In the same year, 1900, we imported \$21,258,031 of raw wool and paid a tax of \$11,631,048. Hence the total duties col

or \$1.72 per family. As only about one-tenth of our goods are imported, and as the tariff cost of these goods is, at retail, about \$1.50 per family, it is reasonable to assume that the tariff cost of the ten times as many family. In the table the total tariff cos is estimated at \$11 per family, of which

It is all very well to talk about American manufactures, but the workman is liable to do some hard thinking between this and November 8th, and it will be cess values in order that the governwhen the Republican orators and editors undertake to explain that without the tariff the American workman would be out of a tob, he may well stop to consider whether that is not just as disim genuous as the rest of the arguments that have been advanced.

Who says that women cannot keep left, he may apply to the forty women of Chicago. The robes are patterned on the use to which they were to be put Dowle), clad in his magnificently embroldered garments, proclaimed himself the first apostle of his church before

heavy white satin, lined with white silk. Over this was a purple satin robe, fringed ont," the richest feature of the costume was of white satin embroidered with geo

curacy, but on the breastplate, instead of must have made him uncomfortable, be speak. White silk hose and white canvas shoes completed the custume. He did not as had been expected, announce his col-

Whatever else Dowle may or may not he, he is certainly successful in his spec-tacular performances.

No Discharge.

tutions to have national troops charged high, but it cannot be maintained with owned by the government and the other the militia. The manoeuvers at Manassas demonstrated that the Virginia miliuals. In the limits of this article it is tia were not make-believe soldiers, and impossible to discuss the ownership of that the encampment was not a holiday junket. The men who took part in those manoeuvers underwent real hardships and poration commissions and especially an did real military service for their State and country. Such men should be encouraged and not disheartened or prevented backed by strong public sentiment can do from serving their State by being discharged from their positions for having done their civic duty. It is a narrow, selfish and short-sighted policy that throws any obstacles in the way of the militia, which at the last protects the property, laws and lives of our citizens,

Firing on the Red Cross. Port Arthur's news is still censored and exciting, but the general trend of cable and written dispatches from that beleaguered city show to what extremities both sides are willing to go. The Russians are fighting with the desperation of men whose only hope is to sell their lives dearly, while the Japanese have lost so many men through the stubborn defense of the Russians that their natural feelings of valor have been exasperated buto a disregard of even the common decencies of warfare.. The dispatches published Monday and Tuesday state that each side believes the other to have used the Red Cross for improper purposes, and that as a result that symbol of peace and ling forces of a railroad system organize an express or dispatch company to which valuable privileges are granted on far lower terms than it could, or would, obtain if the grantee company were not in effect themseives?"

"What is it but graft when the directions of a railroad company organize an industrial company, locate it along the line of their road, then accord it lower freight rates than are charged to competitions in the same business?"

"What is it but graft when the Presi-"

"What is it but graft when the direction of their road, then accord it lower freight rates than are charged to competitions in the tax on woolens. The total value petitors in the same business?"

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"What is it but graft when the direction of the public at large, who pay the fire freight rates than are charged to competitors in the same business?"

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"What is it but graft when the direction of the public at large, who pay the fire freight rates than are charged to competition of the public at large, who pay the fire of the public at large, who pay the amount of the Russians alike. Another account states that 600 Japanese, finding themselves in a situation from which they actual on the could neither retreat nor advance, held on the flee and obsolute ore could neither retreat nor advance, held on the fire and absolute or event about our ered in pay with flanguage could neither retreat nor advance, held on the Russians disregarded this significant the Russians disregarded this significant the Russians distregarded this significant th

Tiny White Spots on Nails Have No Significance - Personal Characteristics Revealed by Shape, Color and General Formation-Physical Strength Indicated by Short, Broad Nails, Artistic Temperament by Long Nails-Indications of

By Mary Taylor-Ross.

OST interesting, indeed, to the student of human nature is the story the finger nalls tell to those who can read them intelligently. Contrary to the popular idea, the tiny white spots which mysteriously appear from time to time upon the nalls have no significance whatever. They are nothing more for a nall at ever. They are nothing more for a nall at a bruise, caused by striking a nall at a bruise, caused by striking and and the stance of which the nall is made, these spots may be the result of no harsher treatment than the careless handling of an orangewood stick in the hands of a manicure. But that they have no significance has been proved conclusively, although a few authorities declare that spots indicate a disturbance of the nervous condition while they list. It to the shape, cooler and general cook, and these tell their true story of the disposition, temper and general characteristics of those about us, as well as, the general state of the health and the prediposition to certain discasses.

health and the predisposition to certain unseases.

It has been observed that nails of a certain shape run in entire families, although the rails of no two persons are exactly alike. The short, broad nail indicates great physical strength—a "good constitution," fis we say, the owner is very apt to be intensely critical of things large and small, analyzing overvitted of the ridiculous, it is apple to have a temper quick, sharp and keen, delighting in argument, and simply putting aside as unvertigement, and simply putting aside as unvertigement, including the present of this, having a calm, judicial temper, taking life easily, and allowing other people to de all the fretting and fuming, long nails show an artistic temperament, inclining to idealise everything with which they dome in contact. Fond of painting, poetry and nature and all the arts, calm, kindly and gentle, the long-railed person is invariably most locatic, are riced so far that the individual becomes impractical and shrinks with horor from all the unpleasant details of life; distasteful facts are something to be put away from one as quickly as it is possible to forget them, and then we have the visionary—one who never does any of the real work of the world, and, if lacking, in artistic talegt, so that he is unable to turn his love of the ideal to practical account, is not to be depended upon to keep the wolf from the door.

Between these extremes there are many modifications of

Between these extremes there are many types, as there are many modifications of even the very long and the short nailed types, The person having nails that are only inclined to be short makes a splendid critic, sharp and keen in judgment, but critical even of those near and dear, and even of things relating to himself. They also make good lawyers—logical, reasonable, able to marshal facts in their order—anything but visionary, and extremely fond of debate or, argument, in which it is very hard for them to be oversome.

Nails that are actually broader than they are long denote a pugnacious disposition, and such a person is strongly inclined to meddia

men will go under the agonizing suspens

Not satisfied with bringing New Eng-

land capital to the Southern cotton fac-

tories, the Southerners now propose to

invade old England and transfer a few

British factories to the Southern cotton

ple know his address and when they ge

ready for him for the presidency, as they

will do in November, they will know

There is accumulative evidence that the

people of this great country, while not taking much interest in florid political

oratory, are doing a wonderful lot of

If there ever was a campaign in which the leaders on both sides were more san-

guine than now, it was before our day.

We are, of course, only judging by what

military spirit in this State and especially

There is a kind of suspicion lurking in

the minds of some people that Profit

Dowie's proclamation of apostleship was

Senator Daniel is of the opinion that

the time has come, and now is, when the

spellbinders should get down to business

Hon. John Goode and the other old-

timers used to go out spellbinding in the

rosy month of July, and they bound

The election is considerably less than

two months off, and yet there has been

mighty little spellbinding in these parts

Tariff is the issue, It has been the real

ssue all the time and was only side-

September seems to be trying to take

some of the laurels out of June's record

Kuropatkin's rest was short. The Japs

are as vigorous and 'as persistent as

The Tammany tiger always manages

to get tame enough when the real taming

Drake's Palmetto Wine.

tracked by the folly of some people.

as a matrimonial month.

James River mosquitoes.

down time comes ground.

for advertising purposes only.

things, too; they did,

fields. Goold enough.

they say in print.

in this city.

Many medical works mention the shane of the mail as indicative of certain diseases, and many physicians declare that they have learn-ed from observation to look to the nails or signs of certain hereditary traits, and inva-riably glane at their general formation, color-and the small "crescents" at the base of the nail before dropping the hand after feeling the efore dropping the hand after feeling the of a patient, a said that short, rather small nails to heart disease, and have been ob-

pulse of a patient.

It is said that short, rather small nails indicate heart disease, and have been observed to be present in two or three generations having this trouble. Short nails that are this and fat at the base, with the "creacent" very liny, or actually absent, denote weak action of the heart and tendency to organic disease.

When short nails curve outward, with a sore of "littled" appearance at the edges, paralysis is and to be indicated, and this is particularly true if the nails as well as flat, in which case the disease is generally present or very close at hand.

A person having long nails is seldom if ever robust, inclining generally to delicate physical health, and especially is different and the indicate and health is markedly curved with the content of the lungs, throat and health and similar throat nice to the long nail is markedly curved with the long nail is markedly curved with the lates and base it indicates as which may proceed from general lib health or hervous prostration.

Thick nails of any shape indicate animal strength and a nature rather lacking in refinement. The nails of women are always thinner and more delicate than those of maculinity in general, and this must be remembered in looking at the nails for indications of health or disposition. Extremely thin nails, if they are also rather small, indicate a lack of strength and energy, and health that inclines the delicate; thin-nailed people are always the delicate; thin-nailed people are always than deciding to which of the four classes.

clines to be deficite; this makes people animays feedel.

In deciding to which of the four classes the nails of any individual belong, whether Gort, long, broad or array on must not take into account the manicuring, for this does no which they belong. It is true that many women, realizing that the long nail indicates greater refinement and ideality than those which are short, seek to give a long effect to the nails by manicuring them carefully to a point on the ends. The skin at the biase is also pushed down as far as possible, and while this sort of atention to one's nails certainly lengtheng the effect, just as a short woman, wearing stripes, seems to be taller than she really is, a close seem to be taller than the really is, a close some form that both me cases of the condition. No amount of many are cally alters the shape of the nails; the case of the condition of the blood, and nails that are built indicates general ill health, and the condition of the blood, and nails that are poor crevitation of the blood, and nails that are present of the green of characteristics of the condition of the present of the green of characteristics of

Half Hour With Virginia Editors.

The Orange Observer no longer seet through a certain glass darkly. It says through a certain glass darkly. It says:
A Western expert on alcoholism claims
that the reason so many men fail to
walk straight is that they can't see
straight. Well, we now know. And we
slways thought that when a man didn't
walk straight that he was drunk.

The Clinch Valley News concludes

The Chindre valley two school teachers with this paragraph:
How few men and women can read intelligently and correctly! To spell, read and write correctly is an accomplishment not possessed by a majority of the pupils turned out by the common schools and even collegts, and right here a teacher demonstrates fitness or unfitness for his responsible position.

The Petersburg Index-Appeal thinks there is a "Yellow Peril" or will be it the Japs whip Russia, but it says:

The subject is not among the demonstrable problems of the human race, and it is simply fruitless to speculate concerning it now, for no one now living will see the verification of these fears. But we do not believe that they are groundless, and we have not a doubt But we do not believe that they are groundless, and we have not a doubt that the present German Emperor's prophecy of danger & Europe and the white race will prove to be, in the course of time, his strongest claim for remembrance by posterity.

The Newport News Press has this to say concerning things up this way:
While the two factions of the white Republicans are having their Kilkenny cat inning in the Third District, it is well to remember that Major Johnson candidate for Congress, is the "cullud gen'I'man" in the woodpile.

DEMOCRATIC SPEAKERS

Headquarters,
State Democratic Committee.
The following appointments for speal
ang are announced:
WILLIAM KINCKLE ALLEN,
Nolson Court, September 26th.

A. C. BRAXTON.
Courtland, October 17th.
Franklin, October 17th (night)

Courtland, October 17th.
Franklin. October 17th (night).

() JOSEPH E WILLARD.
Bedford City, September 28th,
Lunenburg Courthouse, October 18t,
New Castle, October 10th,
Claremont, October 10th,
Charles City Courthouse, October 20th,
C. C. CARLIN.
Orange Courthouse, September 28th,
JOHN GARLAND POLICALD.
New Kent Courthouse, September 8th,
King Wilham, October 4th,
WILLIAM A ANDERSON.
Staunton, September 28th,
A. J. MONTAGUE.
Orange, September 28th,
Isle of Wight, October 3d.
York, October 4th,
Wythe, October 6th (night),
Marion, October 8th (night),
Marion, October 8th (night),
Gate City, October 18th (noon),
Johnsdon, October 18th (noon),
Johnsdon, October 18th (night),
Gate City, October 18th (noon),
Dickenson, October 18th (noon),
Dickenson, October 18th (noon),
Dickenson, October 18th (night),
Amherst, October 18th (noon),
Tazwedl), October 18th (night),
Amherst, October 18th (noon),
Tazwedl), October 18th (night),
Amherst, October 18th (nig

More Good Than Bad.

By reason of the wide publicity given by press dispatches, the doings of bad negroes occupy considerable snace in the newspapers from day to day, but for every case of crime that is recorded there are thousands of industrious negroes about whom nothing is said. Indeed the negroes of the South as a body, are making greater progress at the present time than at any period in their history.—Norfolk Ledger.

STORY THE FINGER NAILS TELL. SEPT. 21ST IN WORLD'S HISTORY

Saint Matthew, the apostle, died at Heliopolis, in Parthia.

Alcazaba sailed from Cadiz on a voyage of discovery. He was murdered in the Straits of Magellan by his crew, and the ship was wrecked at

1558. Charles V., Emperor of Germany, died. He ascended the throne of Spain 1518, and two years afterwards was elected to the empire. After a reign of thirty-eight years he resigned and retired to a cloister. His death was caused by taking cold on getting out of his coffin after having

gone through a mock funeral, to gratify an idle whim. 1609.

Hudson arrived in the vincinity of Albany, and having satisfied himself. by dispatching a boat seven or eight miles farther up, that he had gained the head of ship navigation, he prepared to retrace his course.

1776. Great fire in New York, then in possession of the British, 1,000 houses were burned.

British, under General Grey, surprised the Americans, under General Wayne, in the night, killed about 300, and took a few prisoners and some baggage. The prudent dispositions of Wayne prevented their further success.

1780. Americans, under Colonel Davie, surprised a party of British at Wahab's house, killed and wounded sixty, and took ninety-six horses, band equip-

Major Andre, an adjutant-general in the British army, landed in the night from the British sloop of war Vulture, and proceeded to West Point to confer with Arnold.

Royalty abolished and France declared a republic, by acclamation in the national assembly.

Robert Emmet hanged in Dublin for high treason in conspiring the death of George III., and providing arms, etc., for the rebels. His speech in his defense is a masterplece of eloquence. Action between the United States sloop-of-war Wasp, Captain Blakely,

and the British trig Atalanta, formerly the Siro of Baltimore. The Atalanta was captured and made the thirteenth and last prize of the Wasp during that cruise; for nothing is known of her fate afterwards.

The British, under Lieutenant Drummond, retreated from before Fort

Sir Walter Scott, the most popular writer of his age, and the most distinguished novelist in English literature, died at Abbotsford, in Scotland. 1846.

Battle of Monterey, between 4,700 United States troops, under General Taylor, and 10,000 Mexicans, under General Ampudia. On the 24th an armistice of eight weeks was agreed to, when the Mexicans surrendered

The stores of Spanish residents at Key West, Fla., were attacked, and their contents destroyed, in consequence of the excitment about the Cuban expedition of Lopez.

Mustering out of Spanish war volunteers to begin at once.

The Hague tribunal to hear the power's claims against Venezuela formally opened.

A BIG RUSH FOR THE OYSTER ROCKS

The Season Opens on the Rappahannock-Sailor Takes His Own Life.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) iral oyster rocks have been thrown open o the public, and hundreds of tongers are already at work on them in spite of the stormy weather. The scene on the public rocks at the opening was well worth a trip out on the river to see. Hundreds of white winged boats of various descriptions were there busily engaged in tonging the bivalves.

engaged in tonging the bivalves.

The opening of the oyster season is not as auspicious an occasion now as

Some of the vessels engaged in typic ing remain on the grounds night and day, and sell their oysters to packers who send out buyers among the fleet. Others, however, plant their catches on private beds and walt for the season and prices to advance.

It is reported that there are a great teamtity of cysters in the Rappuban-

nock this year, more than for a number of years, but the bivalves are very poor, but it is thought that they will fatten up later on in the season and measure

opened up in the vientry of Frington and Weems this season, but as yet not a shucking house has opened on the Rappahannock River.

Captain Thomas Seward, a well known sailor, who came to the Rappahannock with the intention of buying cysters.

and with that view in sight brough quite a sum of money with him, com mitted suicide last Thursday at Milen mitted suicide last Thursday at Millen-beeh. For several days he had been drinking freely, and on Thursday, while under the influence of liquor, he went to sleep on the grass and when he awoke his money had disappeared. This seemed to prey on his mind, and soon after-wards he drank three bottles of laud-anum, which ended his life. His remains were buried near Millenbeck.

VESSELS HIGH AND DRY. Northumberland Cut Off From All Wire Communication.

All Wire Communication.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

HEATHSVILLE. VA., September 20,—
Steamer "Virginia" of the Morris and
Fisher fish guano factory, Reedville, and
nine sail vessels, lie aground in Coan
River, as a result of last Wednesday's
storm. At least a dozen fish steamers
were blown ashore off Lewisetta, but all
except the "Virginia" worked off next
morning. Captain Robertson's fine vessel was blown on the shore, "high and
dry" at the head of the river.
The steamer "Northumberland," of the
Weems Line, arrived here Sunday looking much battered, Shorain aground during the storm and was afterward run
into by a tug, while attempting to work
off.
Nearly all the telephone lines here were
blown down, and no messages have been
received since the storm. In fact, this

Meany all the trephenessages have been blown down, and no messages have been received since the storm. In fact, this county is completely cut of from telephone communication with Richmond and Proderick burg.

Fredericksburg.

The marriage of Miss Lucille Ashton to
Mr. P. Luck, of Middlesex, is announced to take place on October 5th.

Along the Rappahannock.

Along the Rappahannock.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

(Rev. Elliott Meredith, formerly of Stafford county, who has for several years had charge of a church at Elko, Nevnia, will return to Virginia, having accepted the call to a church in Bedford county, Mr. Meredith married Miss Esther Moniague, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. T. C. Montatgue, of this of the Moniague, of this of the Moniague, of this of the Moniague, of the County, now a successful business man of Bridgeport, Conn., has subscribed 350 for the monument to be erected at the county seat of Caroline, to the memory of the Confederate dead, who went

to battle from that county during the Civil War.

Mis. Retta G. Higgins, of Chicago, Ill., has purchased of Mrs. John Washington, the famous old "...enhelm" estate in Caroline county, containing 135 acres. This was formerly the old Tyler estate. Mrs. Higgins will take possession January 181, and will improve the property generally.

Law and Equity Court. Following were the proceedings in the Law and Equity Court yesterday; Motion for judgment in case of Baldwin and Brown vs. J. N. Smith and Company, 314.35.
Judgments were rendered in the followings cases:

lowings cases:
T. H. Farrand vs. George L. Powers and Bro., \$139.
W. E. Pickels vs. R. S. Butler, \$29.05.

Railway Men Here.

Among the railway visitors in the city yesterday were J. A. Hall, traveling freight agent, and B. J. Smith, general agent of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific respectively, both of whom were callers at the office of the district passenger agent of the Norfolk and Western railway.

Repainting the Court-Room.

Repainting the Court-Koom.

The court-room of the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia is being beautifully repainted during the absence of the court officials at Staunton. The ground color of the walls and cellings is being given a beautiful light green shades, while the facings and raised work are painted white. The walls were dirty and discolored to a shocking degree before the renovation began.

Visitors Don't Like It.

VISITORS DON'T LIKE IT.

The vestibule of the second story of the State Library building has been cumbered and rendered unsightly for weeks now by a discellaneous abortment of old furniture, book-cares, desks, and tables, giving the place the appearance of a second-hand furniture store in disorder. The stuff presumably belongs to some of the departments quartered in the building. The congested and unsightly condition of the vestibule has been a subject of general remark.

DO NOT NEGLECT THE CHILDREN, At this season of the year the first unnatural looseness of a child's bowels should have immediate attent should have immediate attention. The best thing that can be given is Chamber-lain's Colle, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, followed by castor oil, as directed with each bottle of the remedy. This remedy can always be depended upon, and when reduced with water and sweetoned is pleasant to take. Sold by all drug-

WHAT DID THE WOGGLE BUG SAY? Write your answer to this question in the coupen to be found on Page 10 of to-day's paper and enter the lists for the month's prizes, \$20 in money and five copies of "The Marvelous Land of Oz."

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